Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

# From multiplication to division

Division is the opposite of multiplication

If you know that **4 × 5 = 20**, you also know that **20 ÷ 5 = 4** and **20 ÷ 4 = 5**.
To solve a division, look in the times table for the missing number.

## 1 Use the multiplication

The multiplication fact tells you the answers to both divisions.

1. If 4 × 2 = 8, then 8 ÷ 2 = ☐ and 8 ÷ 4 = ☐
2. If 5 × 8 = 40, then 40 ÷ 8 = ☐ and 40 ÷ 5 = ☐
3. If 4 × 8 = 32, then 32 ÷ 8 = ☐ and 32 ÷ 4 = ☐
4. If 8 × 3 = 24, then 24 ÷ 3 = ☐ and 24 ÷ 8 = ☐
5. If 5 × 7 = 35, then 35 ÷ 7 = ☐ and 35 ÷ 5 = ☐
6. If 6 × 3 = 18, then 18 ÷ 3 = ☐ and 18 ÷ 6 = ☐

## 2 Solve the divisions

Write the answer in the box. Use your times tables to help you.

1. 16 ÷ 4 = ☐
2. 60 ÷ 6 = ☐
3. 14 ÷ 7 = ☐
4. 10 ÷ 5 = ☐
5. 45 ÷ 5 = ☐
6. 9 ÷ 3 = ☐
7. 54 ÷ 6 = ☐
8. 63 ÷ 9 = ☐
9. 36 ÷ 9 = ☐
10. 80 ÷ 10 = ☐
11. 42 ÷ 7 = ☐
12. 28 ÷ 7 = ☐

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