SCHOOL RESOURCES · MATH

Roman Numerals 1 to 1,000 (and up to 3,999)

Every number splits into thousands, hundreds, tens and ones. Find each piece in the chart and write them in order from left to right.

DIGIT	THOUSANDS	HUNDREDS	TENS	ONES
1	1,000 **M**	100 **C**	10 **X**	1 **I**
2	2,000 **MM**	200 **CC**	20 **XX**	2 **II**
3	3,000 **MMM**	300 **CCC**	30 **XXX**	3 **III**
4	–	400 **CD**	40 **XL**	4 **IV**
5	–	500 **D**	50 **L**	5 **V**
6	–	600 **DC**	60 **LX**	6 **VI**
7	–	700 **DCC**	70 **LXX**	7 **VII**
8	–	800 **DCCC**	80 **LXXX**	8 **VIII**
9	–	900 **CM**	90 **XC**	9 **IX**

Worked examples

49 = 40 + 9 = XL + IX = **XLIX**

99 = 90 + 9 = XC + IX = **XCIX**

444 = 400 + 40 + 4 = CD + XL + IV = **CDXLIV**

1,999 = 1,000 + 900 + 90 + 9 = M + CM + XC + IX = **MCMXCIX**

2,026 = 2,000 + 20 + 6 = MM + XX + VI = **MMXXVI**

3,999 = 3,000 + 900 + 90 + 9 = MMM + CM + XC + IX = **MMMCMXCIX**

Watch out

- 49 is not IL and 99 is not IC: I goes only before V and X.
- With the seven letters alone you can reach 3,999 = MMMCMXCIX.
- Beyond that, a bar over a letter multiplies it by 1,000: $\bar{V}$ = 5,000 and $\bar{X}$ = 10,000.